



YOUR TRODELVY TREATMENT GUIDE



WHAT IS TRODELVY?

TRODELVY® (sacituzumab govitecan-hziy) is a prescription medicine used to treat adults with:

- triple-negative breast cancer (negative for estrogen and progesterone hormone receptors and HER2) that has spread to other parts of the body (metastatic) or cannot be removed by surgery, and who have received two or more prior treatments, including at least one treatment for metastatic disease.
- hormone receptor (HR)-positive and human epidermal growth factor receptor 2 (HER2)-negative breast cancer that has spread to other parts of the body or cannot be removed by surgery, and who previously received endocrine therapy and at least two additional treatments for metastatic disease.

It is not known if TRODELVY is safe and effective in people with moderate or severe liver problems or in children.

IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION

TRODELVY can cause serious side effects, including low white blood cell count and diarrhea:

- **Low white blood cell count (neutropenia)** is common and can sometimes be severe and lead to infections that can be life-threatening or cause death as early as the first cycle of treatment. Your healthcare provider should check your blood cell counts during treatment and may give a medicine to help prevent neutropenia starting in the first cycle of treatment if you have an increased risk for developing low white blood cell count with a fever (febrile neutropenia). If your white blood cell count is too low, your healthcare provider may need to delay treatment or lower your dose, give you a medicine to treat low blood cell count, or in some cases may permanently stop TRODELVY. Your healthcare provider may need to give you antibiotic medicines if you develop fever while your white blood cell count is low. **Call your healthcare provider right away if you develop any of the following signs of infection:** fever, chills, cough, shortness of breath, or burning or pain when you urinate.
- **Severe diarrhea.** Diarrhea is common and can be severe. Severe diarrhea can lead to loss of too much body fluid (dehydration) and kidney problems. Your healthcare provider should monitor you for diarrhea and give you medicine as needed to help control it. If you lose too much body fluid, your healthcare provider may need to give you fluids and electrolytes to replace body salts. If you develop diarrhea during your treatment with TRODELVY, your healthcare provider should check to see if it may be caused by an infection. Your healthcare provider may decrease your dose, delay treatment, or permanently stop TRODELVY if your diarrhea is severe and cannot be controlled with anti-diarrheal medicines.
 - **Call your healthcare provider right away** the first time that you get diarrhea during treatment with TRODELVY; if you have black or bloody stools; if you have symptoms of dehydration, such as lightheadedness, dizziness, or faintness; if you are unable to take fluids by mouth due to nausea or vomiting; or if you are not able to get your diarrhea under control within 24 hours.

Please see additional Important Safety Information throughout and click to see Important Facts about TRODELVY, including Important Warning.



This guide is designed to help you prepare and plan for each treatment with TRODELVY, whether you are just starting or already receiving it.



Get to know TRODELVY

Before starting treatment with TRODELVY, talk with your healthcare team about what you may expect. Choose the topics you want to discuss.

- How TRODELVY is designed differently than traditional chemo
- When side effects might start and how long they could last
- Phase 3 clinical trial results
- Working with your healthcare team to manage potential side effects
- Dosing information
- Financial support programs for TRODELVY
- Possible common and serious side effects
- Communities or other groups that can offer support

Other topics I want to know more about:



Talk early and often

Discuss how you are feeling both physically and emotionally with your healthcare team often. Good communication can help them best guide and support you throughout your treatment plan.

IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION (cont'd)

Do not receive TRODELVY if you have had a severe allergic reaction to TRODELVY. Ask your healthcare provider if you are not sure.

Allergic and infusion-related reactions can be serious and life-threatening. Tell your healthcare provider or nurse right away if you get any of the following symptoms during your infusion of TRODELVY or within 24 hours after: swelling of your face, lips, tongue, or throat; hives; skin rash, itching, or flushing of your skin; fever; difficulty breathing or wheezing; lightheadedness, dizziness, feeling faint, or pass out; or chills or shaking chills (rigors).

Nausea and vomiting are common and can sometimes be severe. Before each dose of TRODELVY, you will receive medicines to help prevent nausea and vomiting along with medicines to take home with instructions about how to take them. Call your healthcare provider right away if you have nausea or vomiting that is not controlled with the medicines prescribed for you. Your healthcare provider may decide to decrease your dose, delay treatment, or permanently stop TRODELVY if your nausea and vomiting is severe and cannot be controlled with anti-nausea medicines.

Please see additional Important Safety Information throughout and click to see [Important Facts about TRODELVY, including Important Warning.](#)



Feel more prepared with a plan

Work with your healthcare team to create a side effect management plan

It is important to have an open discussion with your healthcare team about side effects before starting TRODELVY. Your healthcare team can help you understand what to expect and proactively plan for some side effects.

Before starting TRODELVY, be sure to discuss:

- Your medical history and any previous treatments you may have had, including if you:
 - Have been told that you carry a gene for UGT1A1*28, which can increase your risk of getting side effects with TRODELVY, especially low white blood cell counts, with or without a fever, and low red blood cell counts
 - Have liver problems
 - Are pregnant or plan to become pregnant. TRODELVY can harm your unborn baby
 - Are breastfeeding or plan to breastfeed. It is not known if TRODELVY passes into your breastmilk and can harm your baby
- Any side effects you may have experienced with previous therapies. For example, be sure to mention if you have experienced any nausea, vomiting, diarrhea, or neutropenia (low white blood cell count)
- What you may expect on treatment days
- What pretreatment medicine you may receive to help manage some side effects
- All medicines you take, including prescription and over-the-counter medicines, vitamins, and herbal supplements
- When your healthcare provider may need to prescribe additional medications, modify the dose of TRODELVY, or discontinue the dose of TRODELVY to help manage certain side effects

Get ready to put your plan into action

The TRODELVY resource page has tools designed to help you during any part of your treatment plan, including personalized guides to better prepare for conversations about side effect management.



The **Side Effect Communication Guide** can help you discover your personal side effect communication style and provide strategies for tracking and sharing potential side effects.



The **TRODELVY Discussion Guide** can help you identify topics that are important to you and can provide strategies to collaborate with your healthcare provider.



Scan the code with your smartphone to see resources for mTNBC



Scan the code with your smartphone to see resources for HR+/HER2- mBC



Have a conversation before every infusion

Bring this guide with you to each infusion. Review your side effect management plan with your healthcare team and adjust as needed. Talk with your healthcare team about the items below to make sure you are prepared for your infusion.

Share:

- How you felt during previous infusions of TRODELVY and any side effects you may have experienced
- Any concerns or questions you might have about your upcoming infusion
- Roles and expectations for you and your caregiver to help you manage your plan
- Changes to your health or medications

Ask about:

- Contact information for your healthcare provider, pharmacist, nurse, and other important members of your healthcare team
- Signs and symptoms of potential serious and common side effects, when they might start, and how long they may last
- What side effects to watch out for
- Any medications prescribed to you to help manage possible side effects
- At-home strategies to help manage possible side effects



Talk to your healthcare provider about ideas they may have for tracking side effects, such as keeping a journal or using a phone app.

IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION (cont'd)

Before receiving TRODELVY, tell your healthcare provider about all of your medical conditions, including if you:

- have been told that you carry a gene for UGT1A1*28, which can increase your risk of getting side effects with TRODELVY, especially low white blood cell counts, with or without a fever, and low red blood cell counts.
- have liver problems.
- are pregnant or plan to become pregnant. TRODELVY can harm your unborn baby. Your healthcare provider should check to see if you are pregnant before you start receiving TRODELVY. TRODELVY may cause fertility problems in females, which could affect your ability to have a baby. Talk to your healthcare provider if fertility is a concern for you.
 - Females who can become pregnant should use effective birth control during treatment and for 6 months after your last dose of TRODELVY. Talk to your healthcare provider about birth control choices that may be right for you during this time. Tell your healthcare provider right away if you become pregnant during treatment with TRODELVY.
 - Males with a female partner who can become pregnant should use effective birth control during treatment and for 3 months after your last dose of TRODELVY.

Please see additional Important Safety Information throughout and click to see [Important Facts about TRODELVY, including Important Warning](#).

Contact your healthcare provider right away if you experience any of the following side effects:



Signs of infection (low white blood cell count)

- Fever
- Chills
- Cough
- Shortness of breath
- Burning or pain when you urinate



Nausea and vomiting

- Nausea or vomiting that is not controlled with the medicines prescribed for you



Allergic and infusion-related reactions

If you experience the following symptoms during your infusion or within 24 hours afterward:

- Swelling of your face, lips, tongue, or throat
- Hives
- Skin rash, itching, or flushing of your skin
- Fever
- Difficulty breathing or wheezing
- Lightheadedness, dizziness, feeling faint or passing out
- Chills or shaking chills (rigors)



Diarrhea

- The first time you experience diarrhea during treatment with TRODELVY
- Black or bloody stools
- Symptoms of losing too much body fluid and body salts, such as lightheadedness, dizziness, or faintness
- Inability to take fluids by mouth due to nausea or vomiting
- Diarrhea that is not under control within 24 hours

The most common side effects of TRODELVY include decreased white blood cell (leukocyte and lymphocyte) and red blood cell counts, feeling tired or weak, hair loss, constipation, increased sugar levels in the blood, decreased protein levels (albumin) in the blood, decreased appetite, changes in kidney function test, increased levels of enzyme called alkaline phosphatase in the blood (test for liver or bone problems), and decreased levels of magnesium, potassium, and sodium in the blood.

These are not all of the possible side effects of TRODELVY. Call your doctor for medical advice about side effects. You are encouraged to report negative side effects of prescription drugs to the FDA. Visit www.fda.gov/medwatch, or call 1-800-FDA-1088.

Treatment modifications

Your healthcare provider may modify your dose of TRODELVY or prescribe you medications to help you manage certain side effects and continue treatment if appropriate. There may be certain instances where your HCP may need to stop or discontinue your treatment.

Notes

Use this space to write down your thoughts or important information from your healthcare team such as:

- Action items
- Medication instructions
- Contact information
- Ways to track your side effects
- Strategies to help manage possible side effects

IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION (cont'd)

Before receiving TRODELVY, tell your healthcare provider about all of your medical conditions, including if you (cont'd):

- are breastfeeding or plan to breastfeed. It is not known if TRODELVY passes into your breastmilk and can harm your baby. Do not breastfeed during treatment and for 1 month after your last dose of TRODELVY.

Please see additional Important Safety Information throughout and click to see [Important Facts about TRODELVY, including Important Warning.](#)

IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION (cont'd)

Tell your healthcare provider about all the medicines you take, including prescription and over-the-counter medicines, vitamins, and herbal supplements. Certain medicines may affect the way TRODELVY works.

Please see additional Important Safety Information throughout and click to see [Important Facts about TRODELVY, including Important Warning.](#)



After your treatment, keep in touch with your healthcare team

Each person's experiences with treatment are unique so it is important to share how YOU are feeling with your healthcare team early and honestly. Keep your healthcare team informed so they can support you as you continue treatment.

Remember to:

- Take your take-home medications as instructed
- Track when and how often side effects occur, as well as their severity
- Report any side effects to your healthcare team. See page 5 for side effects and symptoms to watch out for
- Listen to your body. It's OK to take time to rest when you need to

Have questions? Reach out to your healthcare team



You may have questions about TRODELVY even after you receive treatment, and that's normal. Your healthcare team is here for you. No question or concern is too small so talk to them as often as you need.



Find support from those who know what it's like:



Scan the code with your smartphone to connect with the mTNBC community



Scan the code with your smartphone to connect with the HR+/HER2- mBC community

IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION (cont'd)

The most common side effects of TRODELVY include decreased white blood cell (leukocyte and lymphocyte) and red blood cell counts, feeling tired or weak, hair loss, constipation, increased sugar levels in the blood, decreased protein levels (albumin) in the blood, decreased appetite, changes in kidney function test, increased levels of enzyme called alkaline phosphatase in the blood (test for liver or bone problems), and decreased levels of magnesium, potassium, and sodium in the blood.

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